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Department of Examinations - Sri Lanka

G.C.E. (O/L) Examination - 2018

31- English Language

Marking Scheme



This document has been prepared for the use of Marking Examiners. Some changes would be made according to the views presented at the Chief Examiners' meeting.

Amendments to be included

Paper I

Question No.	Skill	Marks Distribution	Total
01	Vocabulary	1×5	05
02	Grammar	1×5	05
03	Vocabulary	½×10	05
. 04	Reading	1×5	05
05	Reading	1×5	05
06	Writing	C-2, L-3	05
07	Reading	1×5	05
08	Writing	C-2, L-3	05
	Total		40

Paper II

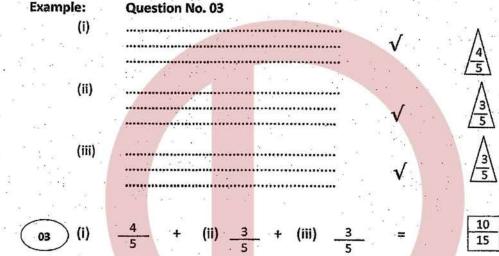
Question No.	Skill	Marks Distribution	Total
09	Vocabulary	1×5	05
10	Grammar	½×10	05
11	Language Proficiency	½×14	07
12	Grammar	1×5	05
13	Reading	1×5	05
14	Writing	C-3, L-3, O-2, M-2	10
15	Reading	1 - 1x1 = 1	
		2 - 1x1 = 1	
		3 - ½×2 = 1	
		4 - ½×2= 1	•
9	WWW.OLE	VEL/5-1/2×4=20M	
	м	6 - ½×2 = 1	
ts t	250 Al	7 - 1×1 = 1	
	s	Total	08
16	Writing	C-5, L-5, O-2, M-3	15
	Total		60

Paper II = 40 marks
Paper II = 60 marks
Total = 100 marks

Common Techniques of Marking

It is compulsory to adhere to the following standard method in marking answer scripts and entering marks into the mark sheets.

- 1. Use a red color ball point pen for marking. (Only Chief/Additional Chief Examiner may use a mauve color pen.)
- Note down Examiner's Code Number and initials on the front page of each answer script.
- 3. Write off any numerals written wrong with a clear single line and authenticate the alterations with Examiner's initials.
- 4. Write down marks of each subsection in a / \ and write the final marks of each question as a rational number in a with the question number. Use the column assigned for Examiners to write down marks.



MCQ answer scripts: (Template)

- 1. Mark the correct options on the template according to the Marking Scheme. Cut off the marked windows with a blade. Cut off the cages for Index Number and the number of correct options so as to be able to keep the template correctly on the answer script. Cut off a blank space to the right of each options column to mark the answers. Submit the prepared template to the Chief/ Additional Chief Examiner for approval. For G.C.E. (A/L and GIT examinations templates will be prepared by the Department. It is the responsibility of the marking examiner to use a certified WW.OLEVELAPI.COM
- 2. Then, check the answer scripts carefully. If there are more than one or no answers to a certain question write off the options with a line. Sometimes candidates may have erased an option marked previously and selected another option. In such occasions, if the erasure is not clear write off those options too.
- 3. Place the template on the answer script correctly. Mark the right answers with a 'V' and the wrong answers with a 'X' against the options column. Write down the number of correct answers under each column. Then, add those numbers and write the number of correct answers in the relevant cage. When marks are to be transformed write the transformed marks inside a circle.

Example:

No. of correct responses Marks 50 100

Structured essay type and essay type answer scripts:

- Cross off any pages left blank by candidates. Underline wrong or unsuitable answers. Show areas where marks can be offered with check marks.
 - 2. Use the right margin of the overland paper to write down the marks
 - 3. When a candidate has faced only one paper of a certain subject (one / two papers of subjects which have three papers) and the Detailed Mark Sheet indicates that the candidate was absent for the other paper or papers, marks should be finalized as if he has obtained 00 marks for those absent papers.

Examples: (i) Total marks 100

Final Marks 100	Total Marks 100	Paper I	Paper II
44	44	АВ	44

(ii) Total marks 200

Final Marks 100	Total Marks 200	Paper I	Paper II	
31	62	62	АВ	

- 4. Write down the marks given for each question against the question number in the relevant cage on the front page in two digits. Selection of questions should be in accordance with the instructions given in the question paper. Mark all answers and transfer the marks to the front page, and write off answers with lower marks if extra questions have been answered against instructions.
- 5. Add the total carefully and write in the relevant cage on the front page. Turn pages of answer script and add all the marks given for all answers again. Check whether that total tallies with the total marks written on the front page. When marks are required to be given as a percentage act accordingly. (Final marks and the percentage may be the same in some papers while it may differ in some others)

Occasions where marks cannot be finalized:

 When a packet of Paper I or II belonging to a certain Examination Center has not been received in your Panel.
 W W W O L E V E L A P I C O M

Example: Mathematics Subject has two papers as Paper I and Paper II. Your Panel has received only Paper II answer scripts packet from Examination Center No.10.

- When one or two answer scripts of a certain candidate's Paper I, II or III is not found in the packet and Supervisor has not marked in the **Detailed Marks Sheet** that the candidate was absent for those papers.
- When the Index Number mentioned in the answer script and Detailed Mark Sheet does not match.
- When a certain problem which affects all candidates has occurred in an Examination Center.

Example: When a certain part of a question paper has not been given to the candidates.



Department of Examinations

in such occasions.

- Write the relevant Index Number in the 'Remarks' column of Detailed Mark Sheet and note down that 'Marks cannot be finalized.' Include the same note in the bottom of the front page of answer script too. Also insert a note about it in the journal.
- Prepare separate Incomplete Mark Sheets (9IML) for each Examination Center regarding such candidates. Insert these Incomplete Mark Sheets in IML cover and handover to the Evaluation Center Coordinator.

Deciding the final marks:

Once all answer scripts (Paper I, II and/ or III) relevant to a certain day packet are marked, write down the final marks of each candidate on the front page of Paper II.

xamples:				
A		В	c	
Paper I	28/40	Paper I - 22/40	Paper I	60.5/10
Paper II	61/80	Paper II 34/60	Paper II	81/100
Paper III	66/80	Paper III	Paper III	
Total	155÷ 3	Total 56	Total	141.5÷2
Percentage In figures	51.66% 52	Percentage 56% In figures 56	Percentage In figures	70.75% 71
In words	Fifty two	In words Fifty six	In words	Seventy one
	* ****			

When decimal numbers are received, round off the final marks to the nearest whole number as shown in the above examples. When doing so, 0.5 and above should be rounded to the next higher number and marks less than 0.5 should be ignored. Final Marks are the percentage of marks earned by a candidate for all papers of a certain subject. Write down the final marks on Paper II in words too.

IMPORTANT POINTS

Please note

- All sections of each test item are marked and marks added correctly.
- In writing tests, marks given to each criterion are added to get the total marks.

eg.
$$C-3$$
 $L-2$
 $O-1$
 $M-2$
Total 8

- Marks of both paper I and paper II are added together to get the final mark. Marks of paper II should be transferred to paper I correctly.
- All written answers have to be read carefully, spending a considerable time before deciding the mark.
- To be quick in order to finish early should not be the attitude.
- Standardization helps you to become a confident marker.
- Marking is an experience which enhances your knowledge about teaching, learning and testing.
- Please follow the guide lines given in the check list for the chief examiners.

Assessing writing

Please note

- Please pay attention to the length of the answer in awarding marks for the content.
- If 0 (zero) marks are awarded to the content do not award marks for language, format, organization and mechanics of writing.
- If 0 (zero) marks are awarded to language do not award full marks for content.

Paper I - Questions 6 & 8

Paper II - questions 14 & 16

Paper I - Questions 6 & 8

Content - 2 Language - 3

Total - 5

Content - Questions 6 & 8

	Question 6	Question 8
2	All points included	Meaningful paragraph with required length
1	Most of the points included	Insufficient content
0	Question copied / Totally irrelevant	Question copied / Totally irrelevant

Language - Questions 6 & 8

3	Almost no errors, well connected sentences, correct spelling and punctuation
2	Some errors, well connected sentences, some errors in spelling and punctuation
1	Only a few correct sentences
0	All sentences incorrect



Paper II - Question 14

Content - 3 Language - 3

Format & organization - 2 Mechanics of writing - 2

Total - <u>10</u>

14 (a)

Content - Formal letter

3	All points included	
2	Most of the points included	
1	Only a few points included	
0	Question copied /Totally irrelevant	

14 (b)

Content - Bar graph

3	Correct interpretation of the bar graph, all the information included.
2	Has written most of the information, correct interpretation
1	Interpretation not sufficient
0	Question copied /Totally irrelevant

14 (a) & (b)

Language

3	Almost no errors, well connected sentences, good range of vocabulary
2	Some errors, well connected sentences, good range of vocabulary
1	Only a few correct sentences
0	All sentences incorrect

Format & organization

2	Well organized ideas, connected meaningful paragraphs (forma
	of a formal letter)
1	Ideas not well connected, errors in format
0	No organization at all

Mechanics of writing

2 '	No spelling errors, correct punctuation, clear handwriting
1	Hand writing clear but errors in spelling and punctuation
0	Unintelligible writing



Paper II - Question 16

 Content
 - 5

 Language
 - 5

 Format & Organization
 - 2

 Mechanics of writing
 - 3

 Total
 15

(16 a)

Content - Article

4 - 5	Has written on all points including sufficient facts. Article is of required length.
2 - 3	Has written on most of the points. Information and facts given not sufficient. Article is of required length.
1	Has attempted to write on the topic. Content and descriptions not sufficient.
0	Question copied / Totally irrelevant

Language

4 - 5	Almost no errors, well connected sentences, good range of vocabulary. Style of language is suitable for an article.
2 - 3	Some errors – Meaning is not clear at times due to language problems. Good range of vocabulary
1	Only a few correct sentences
0	All sentences incorrect

(16 b) Content - essay

4 - 5	All points included. Essay is of required length. Sufficient and clear description given on each point
2 - 3	Most of the points included. Factual description not sufficient. Sufficient and clear description of the points included.
1	Only few points are included
0	Question copied / Totally irrelevant

Language

4 - 5	Almost no errors, well connected sentences, good range of vocabulary. Style of language is suitable for an essay.
2 - 3	Some errors – Meaning is not clear at times due to language problems. Good range of vocabulary
1	Only a few correct sentences
0	All sentences incorrect



Content - speech

4 - 5	Has written on all points including sufficient facts. Speech is of required length.
2 - 3	Has written on most of the points. Factual description not sufficient. Speech is of required length.
1	Has attempted to write a speech. Content and descriptions not sufficient.
0	Question copied / Totally irrelevant

Language

4 - 5	Almost no errors, well connected sentences, good range of vocabulary. Style of language is suitable for a speech.
2 - 3	Some errors – Meaning is not clear at times due to language problems. Good range of vocabulary
1	Only a few correct sentences
0	All sentences incorrect

(16 D)

Content - dialogue

4 - 5	Dialogue is complete and meaningful There is a beginning and an end The dialogue is of required length
2 - 3	The dialogue is not developed properly and therefore not meaningful The dialogue is of required length
1	Has attempted to write the dialogue but not complete
Ö	Question copied / Totally irrelevant

Language

4 - 5	Almost no errors, well connected sentences, good range of vocabulary. Style of language is suitable for a dialogue.
2 - 3	A few errors – Meaning is not clear at times due to language problems. Good range of vocabulary
1	Only a few correct sentences
0	All sentences incorrect

16 a & b

Format and organization

2	Well organized ideas, connected meaningful paragraphs
1	Ideas not well connected
0	No organization at all

16 c

2	Appropriate beginning and ending for a speech. Well organized ideas, connected meaningful paragraphs
1	Some Ideas not well connected properly and not meaningful
0	No organization at all

16 d

2	Well-connected ideas, connected meaningful utterances
1	Some ideas not well connected properly and not meaningful
0	No organization at all

Mechanics of writing

16 a, b, c & d

3	No spelling errors, Correct punctuation, Clear handwriting
2	A few errors in spelling and punctuation. Clear handwriting
1	Hand writing clear but errors in spelling and punctuation
0	Unintelligible writing

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Paper I

Question No.	Skill	Marks Distribution	Total
01	Vocabulary	1×5	05
02	Grammar	1×5	05
03	Vocabulary	½×10	05
04	Reading	1×5	05
05	Reading	. 1×5	05
06	Writing	C-2, L-3	05
07	Reading	1×5	05
08	Writing	C-2, L-3	05
	Total		40

The	first one	is aone	joi you.				50	1
	A		B	C	D	E	· F	
,	Hospi	tal l	University	Library	Temple	Zoo	_Airport	
(1)	A place	where p	lanes land	and take off			. F	
(2)	A place	of religi	ous worship			9	D`	
		1.8.000					E	Q.
(3)	A place	where ar	imals, birds	and reptiles a	re kept for exhi	Ollion	*************	1 ×
(4)	Sick peo	ople are	given medi	cal treatment l	here.		A	
(5)	An insti	tution of	higher edu	cation			В	Tota
3 35/1	2.8		V.		7	7	C	11
(6)	Books,	magazine	s and news	papers are kep	pt here.	, y	·	
					6			1 6
pet	2 Object	tive:- Asse	ss the ability i	to use proposition	ns appropriately in	a given contex	<i>t</i>	
est Fill	4					Technique:-	Fill in the blan	ks
Fill	4	anks in			ns appropriately in	Technique:-	Fill in the blan	ks one
Fill	in the bl	anks in	the following	ng dialogue. U		Technique:-	Fill in the blan	ks one
Fill is d	in the bl	anks in ou. <u>inside</u>	the following around,	for, with,	Use the words go	Technique:	Fill in the blan	ks one
Fill is d Poli	in the bloone for y	anks in ou. inside Where v	the following around,	for, with, bactly when the	Dehind, from e accident happ	Technique:	Fill in the blan	ks one
Fill is d Poli Rav	in the bloone for y iceman:	anks in ou. Linside Where v I was (1)	around, vere you ex	for, with, beactly when the	behind, from e accident happool bus.	Technique:	Fill in the blan	ks one
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Fill is d Poli Rav Poli	in the bloone for y iceman: eendra: iceman:	anks in ou. Linside Where v I was (1) Did you Yes, a	raround, vere you ex inside clearly see	for, with, be actly when the character what happened was coming (Dehind, from behind, from be accident happened bus. ed? behind	Technique; given in the l	Fill in the blan	one
Fill is d Poli Rav Poli Rav	in the bloone for y iceman: eendra: iceman:	anks in ou. inside Where w I was (1 Did you Yes, a stopped	raround,/ vere you ex inside clearly see motorbike the bus bec	for, with, be actly when the school what happened	Dehind, from behind, from be accident happened bus. ed? behind	Technique; given in the l	Fill in the blan	one
Fill is d Poli Rav Poli Rav Poli	in the bloone for y iceman: eendra: eendra:	anks in ou. inside Where w I was (1) Did you Yes, a stopped After tha	raround, vere you ex inside clearly see motorbike vere the bus becat?	for, with, be actly when the school what happened was coming (cause of heavy	behind, from behind, from be accident happool bus. ed? traffic.	Technique; given in the l C O M pened? d our bu	Fill in the blan box. The first is, The drive	r
Fill is d Poli Rav Poli Rav Poli	in the bloone for y iceman: eendra: iceman: eendra: iceman:	where was (1 Did you Yes, a stopped After that	raround, vere you ex inside clearly see motorbike the bus becat?	for, with, be cattly when the what happened was coming (cause of heavy	behind, from behind, from be accident happool bus. ed? traffic. us and collider	Technique; given in the light of the light o	Fill in the blan box. The first	r
Fill Poli Rav Poli Rav Poli Rav	in the bloone for y iceman: iceman: iceman: iceman: iceman: iceman: iceman: iceman:	where was (1 Did you Yes, a stopped After that The moteoning	rearound, vere you ex inside clearly see motorbike the bus becat? orbike tried (4) from	for, with, be actly when the cactly when the school was coming (cause of heavy) to overtake om the school was coming (cause of heavy)	behind, from behind, from be accident happool bus. ed? traffic.	Technique; given in the light of the light o	Fill in the blan box. The first is, The drive	one Q.:
Fill is d Poli Rav Poli Rav Poli Rav	in the bloone for y iceman: eendra: eendra: eendra: eendra: iceman:	where we stopped After that The most coming When di	rearound, vere you ex inside clearly see motorbike the bus becat? corbike tried (4) fro d this happ	for, with, be actly when the chart what happend was coming (cause of heavy to overtake om the sen?	behind, from behind, from behind, from behind, from behind bus. ed? traffic. us and collider opposite direction	Technique; given in the light of the light o	Fill in the blan box. The first is, The drive	r
Fill is d Poli Rav Poli Rav Poli Rav Poli Rav	in the bloone for y iceman: eendra: eendra: iceman: eendra: iceman: iceman:	where we stopped After that Coming When did I think it	ree you ex clearly see motorbike the bus becat? orbike tried (4) frod this happ was (5) a	for, with, be actly when the cactly when the school was coming (cause of heavy) to overtake om the school was coming (cause of heavy)	behind, from behind, from behind, from behind, from behind, from behind bus. ed? traffic. us and collider opposite direction of a.m.	Technique; given in the light of the light o	Fill in the blan box. The first is, The drive	one Q.:

O Test 3 Objective: Assess the ability to use words appropriately to complete a text. Technique: Fill in the blanks examiners

Study the picture. Fill in the blanks with the words given in the box. The first one is done for you. | use only



buying
salesman
leaving
buyers
tent
man
heavy
busiest
crowded
lamp posts
lady

This picture shows a market place. People seem to be busy (1) buying various things. Some (2) buyers are waiting in a queue before a stall where a (3) .. salesman ... with a cap is selling goods. There is a (4) lady with a walking stick in the middle of the picture. A man carrying two bags is (5) ... leaving ... the place. The bags look (6) ... heavy The area around the counter is (7) .crowded ... Two (8) .. lamp posts ... can also be seen in the picture. There is a (9) tent between the lamp posts. A (10) man standing near one lamp post seems to be talking to someone. This is one of the (11) busiest days at the market place.

Q. 3
½ ×

Total
5

Objective:- Assess the ability to read and extract specific information from a content page.

Technique:- Matching
Study the content page of a text book given in Box A. Write the relevant page numbers of the units against the titles given in Box B. The first one is done for you.

Roy A

Units	Pages
A Brief History of the Earth	26 - 30
Agricultural Equipment	31 - 36
The Human Waste Stream	37-40
The Challenge of Homeless People	41 - 45
The War of Pests . O L E V E L A P I . C O	56 - 55
International Waters	56 - 60

Box B

Titles	Pages
(1) Water pollution	37 - 40
(2) The tools that ancient people used in farming	31-36
(3) How the planet in which we live looked like in the past	26-30
(4) Oceans in different parts of the world	56-60
(5) Low cost housing schemes	41-45
(6) Insects that are harmful for crop growing	56-55

Q.4

(See page three

	Objective:- Assess the ability to read and extract relevant information to complete a text.	For
)	Test 5 Technique:- Fill in the blanks	examiners'
	Read the following dialogue. Fill in the blanks of the summary given below. Select a suitable	use only
	word/phrase from the dialogue. The first one is done for you.	
	Teacher: Amal, is everything ready for the trip?	100
	Amal: Yes, almost everything.	
	Teacher: Have you decided on the destination? Kandy or Nuwara Eliya?	
Ŷ	Amal: Yes Madam, everyone's choice is Kandy.	
	Teacher: Why are you so interested in visiting Kandy?	
	Amal: I think it is the Botanical Gardens, Madam.	
	Teacher: Will your parents join too?	
	Amal: Only a few.	
	Teacher: Well, I want to meet all of you tomorrow at 10.00 a.m. to discuss more about the	
	trip. We have not yet decided on the cost per head. I suppose it won't be more	
	than five hundred rupees.	
	Amal: Madam, do we have to inform the principal about the trip?	
	Teacher: Yes, of course. We need his written permission.	
	Amal: Madam, do you think he will give us permission?	
	Teacher: Why not! He is the one who suggested me to organize the trip.	
	Summary	
	The discussion is about a trip to (1)	
	(2) choice is Kandy. The most attractive place for the students is	Q.5
	the same of the sa	1 ×
	(3) (the)Botanical Gardens A few (4) parents	1
	also will join the trip. Students will not have to spend much as the	Total
	(5)cost per person for the trip will not exceed Rs. 500. The written	
	(6) permission of the principal is yet to be obtained.	5
,	Test 6 Objective:- Assess the ability to write a note with the given information. Technique:- Guided writing	
	You are interested in joining an English Camp with your best friend after the examamination.	
	You went to his/her place to talk about it. But your friend was not at home. Write a note to be left in his/her letter box telling him/her about it. Use about 40 - 50 words.	
	Include: - when you came - why you came - ask him or her to call back	
	merade when you came - why you came and min or her to care out	
		20
	Dear Nadeesha	
	WWW OLEVELAPL COM	
	I heard there is an English	
	camp in our school after the examination.	
	I'm interested in taking part in it with	
	you. I came to your house last evening	
	but you were not at home. Can you	i e
		Q. 6
	please call me and confirm it?	
	Sanudhi	C
	8:	Total
Tai	(46 words)	5

(See page four

(Test 7 Objective:- Assess the ability to read and understand directly stated information in a given text.	examiners
	Read the following text and answer the questions.	use only
	The pupils stopped talking as Miss Yapa entered the classroom. Then they stood up and greeted, "Good morning, teacher." Miss Yapa smiled and greeted them back and asked the children to sit down. There were thirty pupils in the class. All the pupils were watching her intently , waiting to know her name.	5
1221	"I suppose you want to know my name." she said. But before she could tell them, someone called out, "You are Miss Yapa." Everybody laughed including Miss Yapa.	
	"News travels quickly." she said.	
	Miss Yapa opened the attendance register and called their names in turn. When she came to the last name on the list, Naveen, she noticed that he had been absent for over a month.	
	"What's the matter with Naveen?" asked the teacher. "Naveen has been ill and is still in hospital." said a girl in the front row.	
	"Did you all go to see him?" asked the teacher. No one replied.	
	It was the time to start the lesson.	
	"Please tell us a story." The pupils shouted.	
	"No, first of all I want you to write letters to your friend Naveen. We will send the best ones to cheer him up in hospital. I'll tell you a story, later."	
	(1) What were the pupils doing before Miss Yapa entered the classroom?	
	(They / The pupils were) talking	
	(2) How many pupils were there in the class? thirty	10
	(3) Complete the sentence.	
	The pupils wanted the teacher to tell a story	
	(4) Write the line which says that Naveen would receive letters from his classmates.	Q. 7
	"No, first of all I want you to write letters to your friend Naveen. We will send the best ones to /	1 ×
	• Underline the correct answer. We will send the best ones to cheer him up in hospital.	
	(5) The word 'intently' in line 3 means	Total
(Ž	(a) by chance. (b) attentively. (c) silently.	5
)	Test 8 Objective:- Assess the ability to write a short paragraph on a given topic. Technique:- Free writing	
	Write a paragraph on one of the following topics. Use about 50 to 60 words.	
	(a) My best friend (b) The book that I like most	
	The book that I like most	
	The book that I like most The book that I like most is	
	그는 그	,
	"Madol Duwa. It is a very interesting children	5
	novel written by the great writer Martin	
	Wickramasinghe Upali and Jinna are the	**
	main characters of the story. They are	3#3
	very brave and adventurous children. The	Q. 8
	story tells about their life in a small	С
	island called 'Madol Duwa'.	L Total
	(53 words)	5
_	4 4 (11)	
	本 本 (1 升)	

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Paper II

Question No.	Skill	Marks Distribution	Total
09	vocabulary	1×5	05
10	Grammar	½×10	05
11	Language Proficiency	½×14	07
12	Grammar	1×5	05
13	Reading	1×5	05
14	Writing	C-3, L-3, O-2, M-2	10
15	Reading	1 - 1x1 = 1	
1	200	2 - 1x1 = 1	
. 1	2.	$3 - \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$	
	5:	$4 - \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$	
1		$5 - \frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$	2
		$6 - \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$	
Î	a) 4	$7 - 1 \times 1 = 1$	
		Total	08
16	Writing	C-5, L-5, O-2, M-3	15
	Total		60

Objective: - Assess the ability to use words appropriately in a context.

Technique:- Filling, the blanks

Select a word from the box which has a similar meaning to the word/phrase given within brackets and write it in the space provided. The first one is done for you. There are three extra words.

examiners' use only

destinations. attractions, common, ancient, prevails, stay, identical tourists, located,

cities in Sri Lanka. They have a lot in (2) ... common (similar in many ways). located (situated) in the North Central Province. Both these cities are (3) prevails (exists) there in most of the months of Usually, dry weather (4) attractions the year. These two cities are famous tourist (5) .. . (places of interest). tourists (persons visiting places) visit these Many local and foreign (6) cities throughout the year. They have a fast growing economy with the development of infrastructure facilities.

Total

5

(See page six

Objective:- Assess the ability to use the correct form of a word in context. Test 10 Technique:- Underlining the correct word	examiners'
Underline the most suitable word within brackets.	use only
Exercise is one of the best ways of keeping depression away. It improves your body	and
your mind and (1) (enable, enables, enabling) you to perform better in the w	ork
place and at home. Proper (2) (breathe, breath, breathing) is essential if	you
want to get the most from exercise, and you should take into (3) (considerate	der,
consideration, considering) your heart rate. It can be (4) (harmful, harmful	dly,
harm) to do exercises too much. All good (5) (fit, fitness, fitting) instruct	iors
emphasize the importance of 'listening to your body'. When you first start, you should use go	bood
(6) (judgment, judge, judging), because it's easy to make the mistake of using	the
equipment (7) (<u>incorrectly</u> , correctly, incorrectness). Exercise should not be seen	
(8) (demand, demanded, demanding) task. To increase your fitness, exerc	
(9) (steady, steadily, steadying) for 20 minutes a week. And you will not	tice ×
a (10) (different, differentiating, difference) in your body and mind in a	few Total 5
weeks.	
Objective:- Assess the overall proficiency of the language.	
Test 11 Technique:- Modified cloze	*
Fill in the blanks with the words given within the box. There are three extra words.	
also, to, and, numerous, after, of, for, have, first, money, fashion, do, clothes, come, century, who, not	
Throughout history, people have worn clothing of one description or another. Apart	
from protection against the weather, (1)	
(2) show the wearer's status (3) wealth. Over the years	,
(4) numerous fashions in clothing have (5) come and gone while	* B
some (6) of those have been popular (7) for relatively shore	t
periods. Meanwhile, others (8) lasted longer.	80 EQ
Until the (9) first half of the 20th (10) century the ability	,
to follow (11) fashion was limited to those (12) who had	
the money to (13)	Q. 11
demand money but also require large amounts of leisure time.	1/2 ×
	Total7
	See page seven
(16)	

Objective:- Assess the ability to use the correct form of the verb in a context.		For examiners'
Test 12 Technique:- Fill in the blanks		use only
Complete the following passage using the most appropriate form of the verb give brackets. The first one is done for you.	n within	æ
P Sara Oval is one of the oldest cricket grounds in Sri Lanka. It (1) is consider	ed	500
(consider) a historic cricket venue of the country for many reasons. First, this	ground	
(2) hosted (host) Sri Lanka's first test match, against England in 1982.		
in 1985, it (3)became (become) the venue for Sri Lanka's first-ever		
over India. Next, the ground (4) was used (use) as a neutral venue for a to	3.0	R P
series between Australia and Pakistan in 2002. So far, 15 Test matches, 12 ODIs	and the same	Q. 12
T20 (5) have been played (play) at P Sara Oval. This historic stadium (6) is local	iteu	1×
(located) in Colombo, the commercial capital of the country.	100	Total 5
Objective: Assess the ability to form directly stated information from a dictionary page.		
O Test 13 Technique:- Writing short answers		
Here is a page from a dictionary. Refer to it and answer the questions given below	v 1t.	
spic /spik/ noun (\(\Lambda\) slang, especially AmE) a very offen- sive word for a person from a country where Spanish is long speech that sb has used many times, that is in	ving) a stended	
spoken, for example a Mexican or Puerto Rican (DE) spic to persuade you to believe sth or buy sth and 'span = SPICK AND SPAN at SPICK spiff 'spif' verb (EMEX) spiff 'up spiff sbisti	h⇔'up	
spice /spais/ noun, verb moun 1 [C, U] one of the various types of powder or seed that come from plants and are used in cooking. Spices (AmE, informal) to make yourself/sb/sth look no attractive: He got all spiffed up. o She spiffed up shoes.	at and her old	5.7
have a strong taste and smell: common spices such as ginger and cinnamon o a spice jar/rack 2(U) extra interable able.	ashion-	
est or excitement: We need an exciting trip to add some spice to our lives. IDM see variety spice to our lives. IDM see variety spice to food in spice to food in spice to food in 2 (AmE) any tap/faucet, especially one outdoors		
interest or excitement to sth: He exaggerated the details to	cially a	
spice up the story. • Her conversation is always spiced with humour. **Total and object with a start point, aspect pointed piece of metal, wood, etc: a row of tron spik wall • Her hair stood up in spikes.—see also spik	ces on a	-
spick /spik/ adj. IEM spick and 'span (also spic and 'span) [not usually before noun] neat and clean: Their house is always spick and span. 2 [C. usually pl.] a metal point attached to the sc sports shoe to prevent you from slipping while run compare clear 3 (spikes) [pl.] shoes fitted with	ole of a	
spicy /'spassi/ adj. (spici-est) 1 (of food) having metal spikes, used for running: a pair of spikes a strong taste because spices have been used to flavour it: long pointed group of flowers that grow together spicy chicken wings 2 (informal) (of a story, piece of news, single stem	4[C] a	
etc.) exciting and slightly shocking spiciness werb [vn] 1 to push a sharp piece of metal, wood, e	tc. into	• •
noun [U] sb/sth; to injure sth on a sharp point 2 ~ sth (with spider /'spande(r)/ noun a small creature with eight thin add alcohol, poison or a drug to sb's drink or foo	d with-	
legs. Many spiders spin wers (= nets of thin threads) to catch insects for food: She stared in horror at the hairy tranguillizers o (figurative) Her words were spike	ed with	
black spider.—picture on page A7 malice. 3 to reject sth that a person has written or prevent st from happening of being made nubl	said; to	
'spider monkey noun a S American monkey with very long limbs and a long prehensile tail—picture on page A6 article was spiked for fear of legal action againewspaper. [EM] spike sb's 'guns (BrE) to spoil the of an opponent	nst the	
cially in AmE) (also web) noun a fine net of threads made spiked /'spaikt/ adj. with one or more spikes:	spiked	. , '
overhead wires and cables o (figurative) to be caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on a woman's shoe; a shoe with such a heel (SYM) state of the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on a woman's shoe; a shoe with such a heel (SYM) state of the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on a woman's shoe; a shoe with such a heel (SYM) state of the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on a woman's shoe; a shoe with such a heel (SYM) state of the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion—see also convents on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion of the caught in a spitter's web of confusion on the caught in a spitter's web of confusion of the caught in a spitter's web of confusion of the caught in a spitter's web of confusion of the caught in a spitter's web of confusion of the caught in a spitter's	gh heel	
	THE THE	
 Find a word/phrase for each of the following descriptions. (1) A phrase similar in meaning to 'neat and clean'. spick and spa	n 	
(2) A metal point set into the sole of a running shoe. spike		
(3) A creature that feeds on insects. spider	****	Q. 13
(4) An outdoor tap spigot	*	1 x
• Complete the sentence selecting a word from the dictionary page.	£)	Total
(5) Sri Lankan food is very because the cooks add many things to flav	our them.	5
	(See 1	age eight

ay

Objective:- Assess the ability to write a formal letter

Technique:- Guided writing

Write on one of the following. Use about 100 words.

examiners use only

(a) Your English teacher asked you to read some English story books after the exam. Write a letter to the manager of the Lake House Bookshop, Colombo asking for information about the books for children.

Ask for the following information:

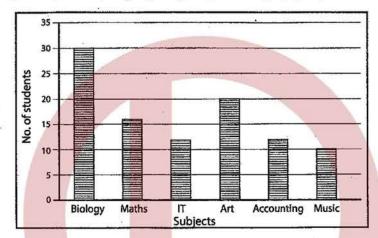
- (a) The titles of the books available
- (b) The prices and discounts, if any

- (c) Mode of payment (d) Mode of delivery Objective:- Assess the ability to write a short paragraph using graphical information in a text.

Technique:- Guided writing

(b) The following bar graph shows the results of a survey conducted among 100 grade 11 students in a school about the choice of the subjects for Advanced Level streams. Study the chart and write a description about their choices. The following words will help you.

more, most, less, least, equal, highest, lowest, higher, lower



Start like this: This bar graph shows the choice of the subjects of Grade 11

students in a school. 32, Temple Road, Nugegoda 07th December 2018. The Manager, Lake House Bookshop, Colombo. Dear sir, Requesting information about the books for children. As our English teacher asked us to read some

(See page nine

story books after the exam, I need to purchase	For examiners' use only
I would be much obliged, if you could send me the titles of the books available in your bookshop mode of payment, the prices of the books and the mode of delivery. I am glad, if you could give me a reasonable discount for the books too. Please be kind enough to send me a favourable response.	
Thank you.	Q. 14
Yours faithfully,	C
Wis	o
Hiranya Thennakoon.	M Total

O Test 15 Technique:- answering questions

Read the following text and answer the questions given below it.

- ① Penguins are one of the world's most interesting birds. They waddle when they walk. They have flippers instead of wings. The bones in a penguin's flippers are heavier and more solid than those in the wings of a flying bird. This helps the penguin 'fly' through the water. The penguin's black back and white front has an important function too—camouflage in the water. Penguins blend in with the sea from above and with the sky from below. This makes it harder for predatory birds, leopard seals, sea lions, orcas and sharks to see them. Many people think all penguins live in the cold and ice of Antarctica. However, only 6 of the 17 species or types of penguins live in Antarctica. The others live in parts of New Zealand, Australia, South Africa and South America and on the Falkland and Galapagos Islands.
- ② Let's talk about the Emperor penguin of Antarctica. The Emperor penguin is the world's largest penguin. Its oily outer feathers help keep it dry. Its dense inner down feathers and thick fat layer help keep it warm. Emperor penguins also often huddle in groups to conserve heat. A mother Emperor penguin lays only one egg at a time. After the mother Emperor penguin lays the egg, she travels to open sea to feed on fish, squid and krill (shrimp-like ocean crustaceans). The father stays behind with the egg. He keeps it warm and protected by balancing it on his feet and covering it with feathered skin called a brood pouch. The mother returns two months later, to feed the newly hatched chick, then stays with it while the father goes out to sea to feed.
- The loss of sea ice harms Emperor penguin chicks and adults. Emperor penguins rear their chicks on land-locked sea ice. When sea ice breaks up before their chicks have matured and grown their waterproof feathers, chicks that are swept into the ocean are likely to die. For adults, the loss of sea ice can lead to lower food availability, which can result in increased mortality.

(See page ten

	(1)	What is special about the way the penguins walk?	For examiners
	(1)	what is special about the way the penguins walk?	use only
100		waddle / They waddle / They waddle when they walk	
	(2)	Which sentence in paragraph 1 says that people think all penguins live only in one	0.80
		place in the world? Copy the sentence.	ê.
		Many people think all penguins live in the cold and ice of Antarctica.	85 ⁽⁴⁾
20	(3)	Say whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by writing 'T' or 'F' in the space given.	a +
	85	(i) All types of penguins are found in Antarctica.	
	5.		a sec
		(ii) The major challenge for the Emperor penguin is the loss of sea ice. () $(\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$	
	(4)	Find the words from the text which mean the following.	43 - 19F L
1	wi ² N	(i) The colour or shape that protects an animal from attack (Paragraph 1) (camouflage)	•
T.	36 400 200	(ii) To come close together in a group (Paragraph 2) (huddle (1/2 × 2 = 01 mark)	
	(5)	What do the following words in the text refer to? Write your answer in the space	
	The state of the s	given.	(le):
či		(i) 'those' in paragraph 1 line 3 (The) bones	BI 92
		(ii) 'she' in paragraph 2 line 5 (the)Mother emperor penguins	
	(ý	(iii) 'his' in paragraph 2 line 7 father's/father	
	et.	(iv) 'their' in paragraph 3 line 2 emperor penguins'/ emperor penguins	* *
		$(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 02 \ mark)$	(2)(
Ř	(6)	Underline the word closest in meaning to each word/phrase given below.	
		(i) 'Blend in' (paragraph 1 line 5)	
	Œ	(a) mixed with (b) dive (c) join	
		(ii) 'Conserve' (paragraph 2 line 3)	- 4
8	1 2	WWW.QLEVELAPI.COM	
		(a) reduce (b) slow down (c) save $(\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 01 \text{ mark})$	880
	(7)	Study the three subheadings given below. Underline the most suitable subheading to the last paragraph of the text.	e tu
	5	(a) 'Safety measures for penguins'	
		(b) 'World penguins are at a risk'	Q. 15
		(c) 'Food for penguins' (01 mark)	
			T _M
	ē		Total
	F		8
		_is	Æ.,
14.7		(See pa	

OL/2018		- 11 -		
		:- Assess the ability to write (a)an article to a newspaper (b) an assay	y (c)a speech on a given i	
O Test 10	Techniqu	(d) a dialogue e:- Guided writing	æ	niners'
Write	on one o	f the following. Use about 200 words.	5 B	
(a)		e to the Junior Observer on the following topic.	*	
		lic property belongs to all of us."		
	1000	include the following.	35	
		me examples — (schools, buses, trains etc.)	(6) 70	
	▲ Use o	of public property	2227 107	
4.		to protect them — (e.g. awareness programmes for school chi	ildren)	
(0)		on 'Sports as an important part of a student's life' include the following:	21 * 2	
		place for sports in the school calendar (sportsmeets, matches, t	tournaments)	
	▲ Facili	ties provided (playground, courts for netball, basketball etc.)	nee ee d	
	▲ Impor	tance - (promotes - team spirit, good health, friendship, unity, leader	ship, accepting .	k å
		victory or defeat)	TH. THE	
(c)	Polythene	e speech you would make at the school assembly on "	The Effects of Using	
#1		include the following:		
- 5		people use polythene	*	
		the use of polythene affects the environment	1.4	·
		that you could take to prevent the harmful effects of using p		
(d)	그리즘 아이는 이번 경기에 되었다.	the dialogue between - Rizvi and Anupama. They have D/L) exam.	ve just met after the	1
	Rizvi	: Now the exam is over. What's next? Have y	you planned	
ac .		anything to do?	- N	
	Anupama	: Yes, I have a lot of plans.		a a
(b)	Snak	rts as an important part of	f a student's	
(.e.y	The state of the s		,	
	life	<u> </u>		
		"All work and no play make	es Jack a	
dus	boy	", is an old proverb which	highlights	
the	rrb	portance of doing sports.	pocts	
.a	great	asset to a student's life	e .	
¥.	_	There is an important pla	ce for	
		in the selection Alexander	at -11 tha	
		in the school calendar. Almo		
.S.c.b	0015	organize sportsmeets , ma	tches,	
		nents etc. throughout the		
		the physical development		
.s.t.u	ident.	s. They have provided facilit	ies such	
.a.s	play	grounds, courts for netba	11 , basket ball	
ete	Sp	orts helps the students to	maintain	
.9.00	dhe	alth.		
		Among many other things.		
ba	5 50	me additional benefits as	students	

(See page twelve

spirit. It helps to promote good health,	For examiners' use only
quality of leadership and team spirit.	
Sports makes students adventurous,	
social, disciplined and more conscious	E
of their responsibilies.	
Unlike the students who do not	
engage in any kind of sport, those who	
do learn how to accept victory and	
defeat with grace. It is very	
important to deal with victory and	
defeat equally as some unpleasant	9
Situations in a field may create bad	
in accions among the spectators	
impressions among the spectators.	
Sports is a great way of building	
up one's personality. It is an essential	
source of encouragement to all students	œ
C. Han hattarrant of their trature 1	
for the betterment of their future.	72*
	18
TOP THE BELLEVIMENT OF THEIR FULLIC.	¥
	я (8)
	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
	*
	0.14
	Q. 16
	Q. 16 C
	C L O M
	C L O